

DON'T MISS IT.
Latest Edition of the
POST-DISPATCH.
WAIT FOR IT.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

Marcel of the Circulation
Age—The
POST-DISPATCH.

VOL. 38.—NO. 137.

ST. LOUIS, TUESDAY EVENING, NOVEMBER 29, 1887.

PRICE, FIVE CENTS
BY CARRIER, TWENTY CENTS A WEEK.

MCRAWFORD'S. Crane's Prize Story. LANE NANNIE'S CHRISTMAS TREE.

By "Virginia."

CHAPTER V.—LOU AND BETTY.
"Yes," chimed in Lou, "and the lovely little rocking-chair, all covered in plush."
"Poh!" interrupted Betty, "that's nothing, there were whole sets of chairs and tables, an' mirrors an' sofas, and little pianos that 'ud play, and little cradles with baby bottles in 'em."
"Bettie Hammond, I'm a-goin' to tell you that you interrupted me when I was a-talking. I was telling Nannie, and she gave her head a little nod, and told her hands, and paused. Words could not do the subject justice."
"And?" resumed Lou, then paused and looked at her sister. Yes, Betty was mad, sure enough. Then Lou gave her head a toss to show that she didn't care, and went on: "Nannie, if you could see those kitchen made out of tin, so they couldn't break, if you could see them!"
And she gave her head a little nod, and told her hands, and paused. Words could not do the subject justice.
"They had ranges, real iron ranges, to cook on; sure-enough cook, I mean, and wash-tubs, and boilers, and fry-pans, and ironing-boards, and—"
Betty, who had begun smiling at the first mention of the tin kitchen, and wound up with, "Oh, I'd just be perfectly happy if Santa'd bring me one," and Betty giggled as if she knew something; and a look of supreme satisfaction showed itself in Lou's face.
"Oh Lou, if you do get one, you'll let me come over and see it, won't you?" asked Nannie, who had listened with breathless attention.
"I don't 'pose I'll get one, a bit," said Lou. But she looked something else.
"And the sets of dishes, Lou," broke in Betty, forgetting she was mad, "all painted just like sure-enough ten-sets, and big enough to eat out of, and you can make real fire in the range, Nannie; and ma said it would teach us how to cook; an' we're going to have a party, an' invite Mary's mother, an' you, too, Nannie, ma said—"
Then she stopped. What had she done? Gone and told. She looked at Lou in consternation, then looked at Nannie. But Nannie didn't hear a word she was saying. She had caught a glimpse of a face blue with the cold peeping out from a pile of old carpet.
[To be continued.]

WHY WE GAVE THANKS

GOOD THINGS AHEAD.
Drain not to-day's troubles.
Life's every bitter is tempered with sweet.
Lift up your eyes, and you will see the sun.
Flowers and meadows are both at your feet.
Who that hath looked on the beautiful
Think that the sunshine alone was the cause,
God sends the beautiful life-giving rain.
Both are for mercy and follow his law.
Strive to be happy whatever your station.
Kings are but human to suffer and fret;
Peasants may laugh at a bad situation.
Learn to enjoy the little you get.
Side make a poor man's dinner and stock.
Keeping his head in the wearisome world,
Faint, but by going to see our Mother's.
All of his burdens would vanish in smoke.
Who would not rather inhabit a palace,
Than humbler than many of which we could boast.
Than always be drinking of poverty's chalice?
For by your eyes, and pay by the word.
Lately Thanksgiving swept over the city.
Hand-painted placards of turkey went round,
You could have had them, and oh, what a gain.
None on your table by accident were found.
Take up your children to love of the beautiful.
Teach them to value refinement, you can.
Make them all happy, and pay by the word.
In a bright home by the installment plan.
Christmas is coming with frost and snow,
Get ready carpets and curtains and dishes;
Think what you need, and a thousand odd wishes.
Ah, what a happy wife is she whose provident husband makes her home by the installment plan.
She has New Household Goods, and the little dolls which may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease.
Hundred of subtle medicines are floating around ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may eat many a fatal dish by keeping ourselves well, fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame.
Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half-pound tins by Greenough, W. SURELAND, at EPPS & CO., Homeopathic Chemists, London, England.
Oldest Established House in the City.

EPPS'S COCOA.

GRATEFUL-COMFORTING.
BREAKFAST.
"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a judicious use of the purest and most delicate of food, Epps's Cocoa has been prepared, which will save you many a weary day, and is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle medicines are floating around ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may eat many a fatal dish by keeping ourselves well, fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."
Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in half-pound tins by Greenough, W. SURELAND, at EPPS & CO., Homeopathic Chemists, London, England.
Oldest Established House in the City.

BEN WALKER,

Removed to 17 N. Broadway, Opposite the Court-House.

Have for sale the Largest and finest stock in the city, consisting of Diamonds, Watches, Jewels, Silver and Gold, and all the latest fashions. Also, a large assortment of Wedding Rings, and all the latest fashions. Also, a large assortment of Wedding Rings, and all the latest fashions. Also, a large assortment of Wedding Rings, and all the latest fashions.

BEN WALKER,

ESTABLISHED 1859.
CLEANING, DYEING AND REPAIRING.
Suits cleaned in six hours.
Cleaning, \$1.00 (coat).
Dyeing, \$1.00 (coat).
Pressing, \$1.00 (coat).
N. 6th st., bet. Market and Chestnut.
Orders by express promptly attended to.

PROF. MATTHEWS'

OLD ESTABLISHED
DYE WORKS.
No. 318 OLIVE STREET.
Satisfactory Clothing Cleaned, Altered and Repaired in best style. Orders by express promptly attended to.

OUR TYPE

Is made of the Celebrated Copper Alloy Type Metal, at the Central Type Foundry, St. Louis. The most durable type made.

OUR TYPE

Newland's College of Midwifery
—AND—
LYING-IN INSTITUTE.

This is the only institute of the kind in the West in which regular physicians lecture, and which is connected with a Lying-in Institute, so that students will receive practical and theoretical lessons. Male and female students admitted. The regular term will commence March and September every year. Ladies may expect their confinement soon.

—THE— BOSTON STORE, 615-617 N. Broadway.

Special Prices
—FOR—
TO-MORROW!

FROM 2 to 4 O'CLOCK.

Astrachan Wraps, trimmed with Fur, worth \$12, for \$5.00.

All our Best Calicoes—Merrimack, Pacific and American Blues—your choice of our entire assortment for 4c.

20-inch China Silk Hem-stitched Handkerch'fs for 25c.

Round Willow Cloth Baskets for 35c.

Cloaks! Cloaks!

Penny & Gentles

Offer the following ASTOUNDING BARGAINS that cannot be seen anywhere:

At \$1.00—78 Children's Cloaks, ages 6 to 12 yrs, \$1; regular price, \$1.75.

At \$2.00—59 Children's Gowns, ages 4 to 12, \$2; reg. price, \$3.

At \$3 to \$5—187 Children's New Markets and fine Beaver Cloaks; prices have been \$5 to \$7.50.

At \$3.00—58 Ladies' Astrachan Jackets, \$3; price has been \$6.50.

At \$5.95—21 Silk Fur-Lined Circulars, \$5.95; regular price, \$15.

All latest styles of fine garments, marked down.

See our Cloak stock. You will find the greatest variety ever seen at prices that no house can compete with.

Penny & Gentles,
Southwest Corner Broadway and Franklin Avenue.

Paper Hangings and Curtain Materials Newest Styles. Completest Stock. Lowest Prices.

NEWCOMB BROS. Wall Paper Co.,
303 and 305 N. Broadway.

Mellier's Perfumes

Quadruple Strength. Are Acknowledged the Best.

STEPHANOTIS. HELIOTROPE.
YLANG YLANG. MOSSY DELL.
ASCENSION LILY. FRANGIPANNI.
WHITE LILAC. SWEET OPOPONAX.

And all the Popular Odors. Try them and be convinced.

Mellier Drug Co., 711 Washington Av.

Bakewell Cook Stoves

And all other Cook and Heating Stoves made by us are Retailed at Wholesale Prices at

OUR STORE, 1118 OLIVE ST.,
Or at our Foundry, Ninth and Dock st., St. Louis.

WESTERN STOVE MANUFACTURING CO.

ALEXANDER'S Beef, Iron, Wine and Pepsin

A Standard Preparation and recommended by physicians, especially in cases of Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Loss of Strength and Lack of Energy. One bottle will have more effect than twice the quantity of plain Beef, Iron and Wine. Price, \$1.

ALEXANDER'S BALSAMIC CREAM—An Unsurpassed Compound for Chapped Face and Hands, rendering the skin soft and smooth. Price, 25 cents.

ALEXANDER'S COUGH MIXTURE—Successful for Twenty-five Years.

ALEXANDER'S CORN-REMOVER Will Remove Corns.

Prescriptions and family medicines accurately compounded by skillful pharmacists under the direct supervision of

M. W. ALEXANDER, Graduate Philadelphia College of Pharmacy,
Northwest Corner Broadway and Olive Sts.

BARGAINS

ALL DEPARTMENTS

PRIOR TO SEMI-ANNUAL INVENTORY.

SAM'L C. DAVIS & CO.

LATEST EDITION A BIG SCARE.

STARTLING REVELATIONS EXPECTED IN THE LONDON DYNAMITE CONSPIRACY.

Public Anxiety Aroused by the Evidence in the Callan Case—The Times and Parnell—Unionist Rejoinders in Ireland—The Situation in France—Growing Opposition to Ferry—Hartington in Dublin—A Dangerous Epidemic in Ottawa, Canada—Foreign News.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, November 29.—Startling revelations are expected next Monday, when the further hearing in the dynamite conspiracy will take place. Public anxiety is aroused, as the evidence clearly shows that there are still a section of desperate men in America prepared to aid and abet criminal attempts in England. The discovery that so large a quantity of dynamite as that found in the possession of Callan can be smuggled into the country also causes an uneasy feeling.

The police are actively tracing the movements of Gen. Mill and others not in custody. Speculation continues concerning the intended use of the dynamite. Was it to blow up public buildings, or was Balfour or some other obnoxious person aimed at? There is some suspicion that the prisoners had no real intention of committing crimes, but were only pretended tools of dynamiters for the sake of money. The prisoners are guarded on arriving at and leaving court by mounted police with sabers. The precautions, however, are less stringent than in the Callaghan case, when the police with loaded revolvers surrounded the dock. Callan has the appearance of a broken-down professional man of middle age. Harkins, although it is said he cannot either read or write, appears rather above the average, rosy and pale with dark-brown hair and mustache. Both are tolerably cheerful and very respectful to the Court.

THE TIMES AND PARNELL.

The Times, which neglects no chance to vilify Parnell, makes its case a pretext for saying: "Parnellism is breaking up and suffering irretrievably to creep into its elements."

JOHN BRIGHT'S ALLIES.

John Bright attacks his new Tory allies because of the resolution in favor of protection, carried by the caucus of the Tory party at Oxford. "The protectionists," he says, "are in amusing confusion respecting their demands. Some would tax corn, some would not—some only with the colonies, not knowing that the principal colonies have very heavy tariff on English goods. Our depression—in the farming industry, because under the corn laws the land was made to grow corn which should not have grown it. The Tories have returned to protection like the 'dog to his vomit.' This last phrase is more like Bright of the old days than anything from him lately."

NOT IDLE.

The French Communists and Socialists Threatening Trouble in Paris.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

PARIS, November 29.—The Communists and Socialists are not idle. The meetings which are held every night show a vast increase of strength. A feeling of uneasiness prevails throughout the Capital, and the quiet, conservative people are getting thoroughly scared. Should either M. De President or M. Ferry be elected to succeed M. Grévy as President of the Republic, it is thought that there will be trouble. M. De Rouleau, who has resumed the leading role in the Patriotic League, even goes so far as to threaten to turn the latter into a revolutionary society if ex-Premier Ferry, the man who showed the white feather in the Bonaparte-Ferry episode, and is mainly responsible for the Long-King disasters, is elected President of the Republic. Otherwise, the situation remains about the same. Mr. Grévy's message of resignation will be read by Premier Rouvier on Thursday to the Senate and to the Chamber of Deputies, which were yesterday adjourned until that date. On Friday both chambers assemble in a joint congress to deliberate on the resignation of the President of the Republic.

PARIS, November 29.—The Radical journals energetically oppose M. Ferry as a candidate for the Presidency, and accuse him of bribery and corruption in the administration of affairs in Tunis and Tonquin. M. Paul de Rousset, the leader of the Patriotic League, threatens to challenge the President of the Republic to the head of 50,000 men if M. Ferry is elected President and prevent him from entering.

BERNHARDT WAS NERVOUS.

A Panic in the Theater of the Porte St. Martin.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

PARIS, November 29.—There was a panic in the Theater of the Porte St. Martin last evening, during the performance of "La Tosca."

The place had proceeded as far as the second act, when there was perceived a strong smell of something burning. Many persons rose from their seats and went out. Two of the actors, however, came to the footlights and allayed apprehension by assuring the audience that there was no danger and that the smell was occasioned by a slight accident to a portion of the electric light apparatus, causing the ignition of the gutta serena covering the insulated conductor.

Sarah Bernhardt was seated during the momentary panic on her couch in the Palazzo Farnese and appeared to be in a state of extreme nervousness. Not a single accident occurred during the panic and the performance went on to the end without a hitch.

PARIS GOSSIP.

Entertaining the Blaines—Royalties Returning to Paris—Personal.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

PARIS, November 29.—Gen. Meredith Reed gave a dinner on Saturday to Mr. Blaine. Among the guests present were Mr. and Mrs. Seligman and Dr. and Mrs. Evans. Mr. Brula-tour, late Secretary of the American Legation, will give a dinner this week to Mr. Levi F. Morton. Mr. Blaine and Miss Blaine will be among the guests.

ROYALTIES RETURNING.

Gen. De Charette and other prominent Royalists have returned here to be present during the Presidential trials.

Mr. Clarence Howard and Mr. Howard of New York left for Spain and Portugal this morning.

OLD-FASHIONED DANCES POPULAR.

The pavane and the gavotte have become very fashionable here. Both are dances of the last century. On Saturday, the Comtesse de Soncebois gives a grand ball at which these two dances will be executed. All the guests will be in costumes of the last century.

PERSONAL.

Mrs. Howard, mother of Mrs. John Evans of Philadelphia, is quite ill, and her life is said to be in danger. Henry Butterfield has returned to Paris after several months' absence in England.

IRELAND.

HARTINGTON AT DUBLIN.

DUBLIN, November 29.—Lord Hartington has arrived here. He was both pleased and cheered as he left the train.

THE GAIETY ATHLETIC ASSOCIATION.

Archbishop Crooke has given notice of a convention to be held on St. Stephen's day for the purpose of reorganizing the Gaelic Athletic Association, in which, he says, ambitious aims and pretensions have been developed.

PEOPLE ARE ARRIVING IN DUBLIN FROM ALL PARTS OF IRELAND to attend the meeting of Unionists, at which Lord Hartington and Mr. Gooschen will be present. The meeting will be the first of a series of protests on the part of the people of the South of Ireland against separation. The movement was at first ridiculed by the Nationalists, but they are now startled by the rapid growth of the Unionist reprisal.

GERMANY.

THANKED BY THE EMPEROR.

BERLIN, November 29.—In the Reichstag today the President announced that he had been instructed by the Emperor to express his thanks to the Reichstag for the message of sympathy they sent to the Crown Prince.

THE BUDGET.

Herr Jacob, Secretary of the Imperial Treasury, explained the Budget, which he said was more favorable than was hoped last year. The material contributions remain unchanged while the amounts transferred by the Empire to the federal states are increased 23,000,000 marks. He expressed the hope that the period of large deficits would end with the current year. The revenue from the sugar and brandy taxes was likely to continue to increase.

RUSSIA.

THE MERCIFUL Czar.

ST. PETERSBURG, November 29.—The Czar has commuted to degradation to rank the sentences of the eighteen young officers who were convicted of engaging in a revolution conspiracy and sentenced to exile in Siberia.

THE DOMINION.

A DANGEROUS EPIDEMIC.

By Telegram to the Post-Dispatch.

OTTAWA, Ontario, November 29.—Six hundred cases of typhoid and malarial fever are reported in the city, the disease having assumed the form of an epidemic. Drainage and bad water are said to be the cause. A short distance above where the water supply is taken into the city, a creek of stagnant water has been discovered which the health officer reports possesses all the properties required to produce the present sanitary state of the city.

DANGEROUS ONIONS.

Toronto prohibitionists have nominated a candidate for the Mayoralty, and to assist in carrying their man, are importing several foreign onions, including Mrs. Baxter from Michigan and ex-Gov. St. John of Kansas.

THE FISHERY COMMISSION DENOUNCED.

The Liberal press throughout the country are denouncing the Fishery Commission on the ground that in the hands of Chamberlain and Sir Charles Tupper Canadian interests are to be sacrificed.

A HEAVY FAILURE.

LONDON, Ontario, November 29.—The failure of John B. Loring & Co., one of the largest wholesale dry goods firms in Western Ontario, is announced. Liabilities, \$100,000; assets, \$50,000.

WANTED FOR ARSON.

OTTAWA, Ontario, November 29.—The Department of Justice has issued a warrant for the extradition of J. Byrne, now in custody at Chatham, Ontario, and wanted in Chicago on a charge of arson.

BURNED IN BATTLE ROW.

The Coroner to Investigate the Death of Little James Wilson.

An inquest on James Wilson, the colored child who was burned to death at the tenement-house in the rear of No. 1316 South Second street, known as "Battle Row," yesterday, was to have been held this morning, but was held over until this afternoon. Although the fire occurred at 7 o'clock yesterday morning the police knew nothing of it until 9 o'clock last night.

The parents of the child, George Wilson and his mother, after serving to take the child to work and the mother to do some marketing. Sleeping in the bed they left their only child, a little boy 3 years and 4 months old. Just after they had departed the bed in which he lay caught fire. In the adjoining room live coal-burned stove had been left burning. It is composed of Henry Jackson, his wife Mary and his daughter Rachel, aged 10 years.

An old rag-picker named Charles Evans also lives with the Jackson family. While the bed was in flames, it is said by the neighbors, the Jackson girl passed the door and saw the fire, but made no attempt to save the baby. The fire was burning for half an hour and was over before the mother of the little one returned and rescued it from the cruel flames. The child was terribly burned, however, before she got to it. She immediately hurried with it to the free dispensary on Seventh street and Clark avenue, but while waiting for one of the physicians to get down it died. The grief-stricken mother carried the body home with her and at a late hour last night it was removed to the Morgue.

On the statements of the child's parents, Jackson, who is 35 years of age, his daughter Rachel, aged 14 years, and his mother, Evans, aged 80 years, were arrested and locked up to wait the result of the coroner's investigation. Mrs. Jackson was not molested, she being sick. She is a voodoo doctor, and during a recent illness of the child's mother, Mrs. Jackson attended her. It is said that she never received any pay for her work and this caused ill-feeling between the families. The Wilsons said that the Jacksons threatened to "get even" with them, and this, they think, was why the Jackson girl did not attempt to save the child. His parents even suspect their neighbors of having something to do with starting the fire, though it is very questionable whether anything of the kind will be proven.

HENRY OVERSTOLZ.

DEATH OF THE EX-MAYOR AT AN EARLY HOUR THIS MORNING.

His Long Combat With Disease—His Last Words a Good-Bye to a Faithful Servant—Scene at the Death-Bed—His Family—Preparations for the Funeral—The Grave at Bellefontaine—Sketch of His Life.

Henry Overstolz, ex-Mayor of St. Louis and President of the defunct Fifth National Bank, died this morning at his residence, 348 Washington avenue, at 5:30 o'clock. Though Mr. Overstolz had been ill for a long time, and his disease had made such progress that his physician had abandoned all hope of his recovery, the death was, in a measure, unexpected. Mr. Overstolz left St. Louis in the latter part of May and traveled by easy stages to New York, hoping to find abroad the relief he could not obtain at home. His ailment, an affection of the heart, had progressed so far he could not move about without assistance, and all his movements were very slow and labored. He was easily tired, and traveling was a great tax on his energies. The symptoms of the disease first developed during his second term as Mayor, when he was frequently compelled to give up municipal work. After the expiration of his term of office his condition became worse, with some slight intermittent periods of improvement. He was frequently compelled to leave the Fifth National Bank and return to his home. He sailed from New York on June 29, and immediately to Bonn, Germany, where he remained until the latter part of August.

HIS CONDITION DID NOT IMPROVE.

and he decided to return home. He arrived in St. Louis September 12, so reduced in strength that he could not walk even with assistance. He was carried from the car to his carriage and from the carriage to his bed. He had been placed in charge of the estate of Louis Eschenbach but was unable to transact any business connected with it. His original trouble was complicated with kidney and liver troubles and dropsy. Dropsical symptoms about his head disappeared a few days ago but this fact afforded no ground for the hope that his shattered constitution would be enabled to recuperate. He was constantly attended by Dr. Eschenbach, a German physician, a male nurse, who was with him this morning. Day before yesterday his condition grew worse. He seemed to fall more perceptibly and suffered more pain. He was constantly watched, and all his symptoms noted carefully. At 6:15 o'clock this morning Louis Frisch, the housekeeper, entered the room and found him lying on his back, his head on a pillow, his eyes closed, and his hands clasped in prayer. "You're better than you have been for a long time," she said to him.

"Yes, Lizzie, I'm better. Good-bye, Lizzie, good-bye!" He shook her hand slightly, and she left the room to look after the children.

THE LAST MOMENT.

G. E. Green, the nurse, approached the bed, and noted that his charge was sinking. He called the family, and hardly had the wife, children, brother and servants gathered about the bed, when with a heaving of his shoulders Henry Overstolz breathed his last painful gasp. He had evidently suffered from a last acute pain about the heart, for the features were discomposed slightly. He had moved his limbs in the last moment, and when the features relaxed from the contraction incident to the death pain the face was very calm and peaceful.

Mr. Overstolz's family consisted of his wife and five children, Lucile, aged 14 years; Ida May, 12 years; Charles Henry, 8 years; Marie, 7 years, and Catherine, 6 years. Besides these his brother Francis Overstolz resided at his bedside, having remained most of the time in the house for the last month. The arrangements for the funeral were undertaken by F. J. Eschenbach, City Treasurer and brother of Mrs. Overstolz. He called in a synch and ex-Gov. St. John of Kansas, who was in a cedar cloth-covered copper-lined casket. The funeral was set for Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Mr. Overstolz was a native of Germany, the late residence, Rev. J. H. Brooks of the Compton Avenue Presbyterian Church has been asked to officiate. The burial will be in the lot owned by the late Louis Eschenbach in Bellefontaine Cemetery. The lot is on Laburnum avenue, southeast of the O'Fallon lot on Magnolia Hill. It is in the same block with the Nicholson and McKee family lots, and is on the edge of the hill overlooking the river. The grave will be broken in a nine-inch wall being built about it, and it will be covered by two heavy stone slabs. The funeral will be private, but will have any official connection with the ceremony of interment. The lot contains five graves, those of Louis and Catherine Eschenbach, mother and father of Mrs. Overstolz; Francis Overstolz, a child who died several years ago, and two relatives of the family. It is one of the largest lots in the cemetery.

REMARKS OF HIS LIFE.

Henry Overstolz was born in Munster, Westphalia, Prussia, July 4, 1821. He was baptized Henry Clemens Overstolz, but never used the middle name. In 1836 he came to America with his mother, who was then a widow, and settled in St. Clair County, Illinois. He came to St. Louis in 1848, and the following year opened a general merchandise store. So successful was he that after five years in this business he made the store and interested himself in saw-mills, continuing as the proprietor of several mills until 1867, when he retired from business. He had in 1861 participated in the organization of the Tenth Ward Savings Institution (later called the Tenth Ward Bank). He was a descendant of the oldest patriotic family of Cologne, a connection of which he was very proud. He was in 1848 elected to the City Council, and he remained until 1859, when he was elected Comptroller. He was the first German elected to office in St. Louis, and after serving to terms as Comptroller was beaten in the third year of his term. He was elected Mayor in 1867, and was re-elected in 1871. He was also the first German ever elected to a State office in Missouri, being elected in 1866 a member of the Board of Public Works. President of the City Council 1871-72, and in 1873 he was nominated for the Mayoralty, but was defeated by Mayor Barrett. He was several months after inauguration. Another election was held and Mr. Overstolz, opposition candidate to Mr. Overstolz, was declared elected. The latter, however, contested, and proved his right to the seat, which he received February 9, 1876. He was re-elected in 1877, the body being instrumental in the adoption of the present charter under which the city is governed. He ran for Mayor again, but was beaten out of sight by William L. Ewing. He married Miss Philippine Eschenbach some fourteen years ago. After his retirement from the Mayoralty he devoted himself to the management of the Fifth National Bank.

THE PLACE AT THE MAYOR.

On learning of the death of ex-Mayor Henry Overstolz to-day Mayor Francis ordered the city flags to be hung at half-mast. As City Treasurer Eschenbach, brother-in-law of the deceased, stated that the interment would be private so further action was taken at the City Hall, where the ex-Mayor was held in high respect by the officials.

CHANGE OF QUARTERMASTERS.

Col. J. M. Moore Succeeds Col. C. W. Foster in the St. Louis Office.

A change was made yesterday in the office of the Quartermaster of the United States Army at this point. Col. C. W. Foster, who has been in the office for several years, retired to go to Leavenworth as Chief Quartermaster of the Department of Missouri, and Col. James M. Moore assumed the post as Colonel. Deputy Quartermaster General, U. S. A. This is the highest rank which has yet been accorded the Deputy Quartermaster in this city. Col. Moore comes from St. Paul, Minn., where he was Chief Quartermaster of the Department of Dakota. St. Louis is the purchasing depot for the Department of the West, and the chief of the old St. Louis members, but have much interest in an extension of this depot or enlarging the territory which it supplies and he said that he did not think it did, but was one of the regular changes in the War Department. The formal transfer of the office was made yesterday. Col. Foster is still in the city, but will leave as soon as he has acquainted his successor with the run of the office.

